

# Testing: Tasty

We will use the **Tasty** implementation of **hunit**, which is based on the Junit testing framework in Java.

Here are some useful links:

[https://caiorss.github.io/Functional-Programming/haskell/UnitTest\\_HUnit.htm](https://caiorss.github.io/Functional-Programming/haskell/UnitTest_HUnit.htm)

<http://hackage.haskell.org/package/HUnit>

<http://hackage.haskell.org/package/tasty>

**hunit** enables you to create a hierarchical tree structure of tests, based on

- **Assertions** -- True or false assertions about the behavior of your code
- **Test Cases** -- Sequences of related assertions, which fail or succeed as a whole.
- **Test Groups** – Lists of Test Cases or other Test Groups

# Testing: Assertions

You test your code by making **assertions** about the values returned by your code. There are two useful ways to do this, the first is

```
assertBool :: String -> Bool -> Assertion
```

This function takes a Boolean expression (something about your code you want to be true) and an error message. Your error message will be printed if the expression is false.

Examples:

```
assertBool "3 is not less than 2!" (3 < 2)
```

```
assertBool "4 in [2,3,4]?" (elem 4 [2,3,4])
```

# Testing: Assertions

A second, and even more useful is

```
assertEqual :: (Eq a, Show a) => String -> a -> a -> Assertion
```

This is similar to the previous, except that you give it two expressions, typically the correct value you expect, and a call to some function to produce that value; again, if they are not equal, then the error message is printed out.

```
assertEqual "factorial 5 = ?" 120 (factorial 5)
```

An abbreviation for this assertion (without a warning message) is provided using the infix operator (`@=?`) so the previous assertion could be written as

```
120 @=? (factorial 5)
```

however this does not allow you to give an error message.

# Testing: Test Cases

A **test case** is a single assertion or a sequence of assertions in a do expression.

A test case succeeds ("OK") if all the assertions are true, and fails ("FAIL") otherwise; thus a sequence of assertions in a do expression act like they are connected with "and" (&&).

Test cases have labels which are printed out when the result is reported.

## Example:

```
testCase "Singular Test Case" $ assertBool "What??" True

testCase "Sequence of Tests"
  do assertBool "should be true" True
     assertEquals "(2+1) /= 5 !" (2+1) 5
     assertEquals "4 /= 2 !" 4 2
```

The second `testCase` will succeed only if all three of the assertions succeed.

# Testing: Test Groups

A **test group** is simply a label and a list of test cases.

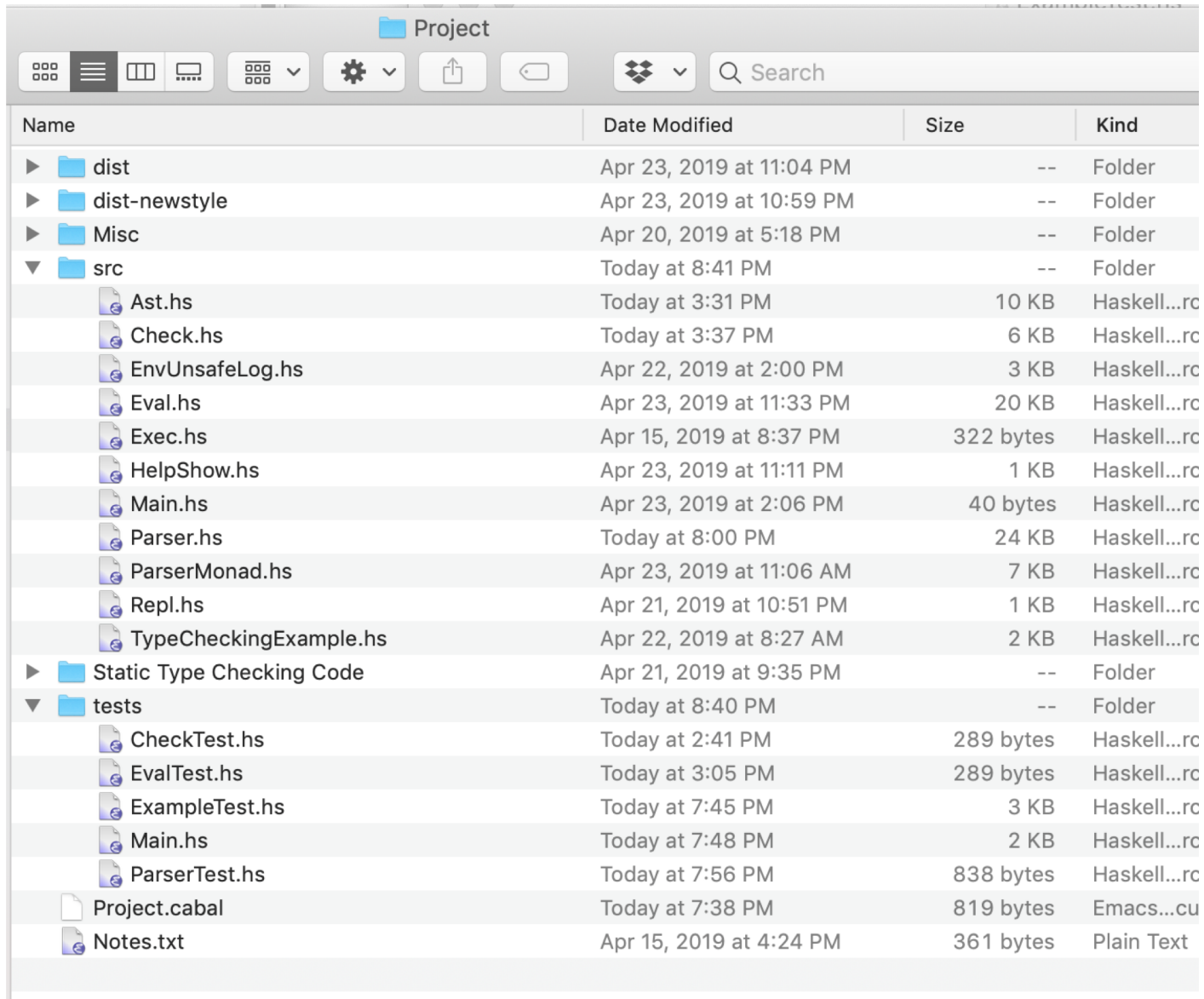
```
tests = testGroup "ExampleTest"
  [ testCase "Fact test" $ assertEquals "fact 5 = ?" 120 (fact 5),
    testCase "Mem test" $ do assertBool "mem 3 []" (not (mem 3 []))
                          assertBool "mem 3 [3]" (mem 3 [3])
                          assertBool "mem 3 [_ , 3]" (mem 3 [2, 3]),
    testCase "Mod test" $ assertEquals "5 % 3 = ?" 2 (5 % 3),
    testCase "Another test" $ 5 @=? 4
  ]
```

Each of the test cases will be tested individually and reported. Make sure to put a comma after each test case, since this is a list!

You may have to use parentheses to make sure they get parsed correctly.

You can nest test groups, essentially creating a tree of test cases, which will be displayed indented when the tests are run.

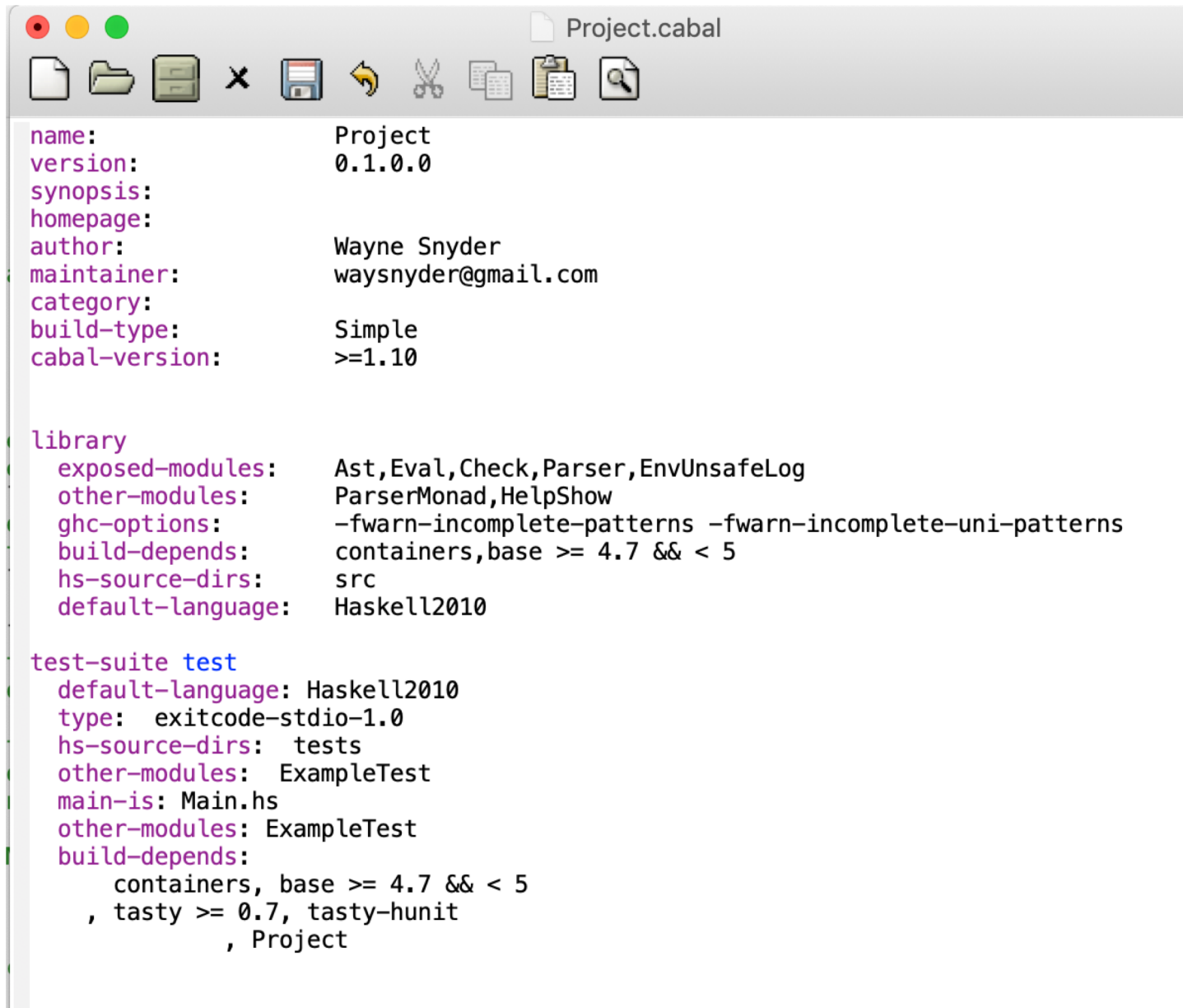
# Testing: Example



The screenshot shows a file manager window titled "Project" with a search bar and various icons. The main content is a table listing files and folders. The table has four columns: Name, Date Modified, Size, and Kind. The files are organized into several folders: "dist", "dist-newstyle", "Misc", "src", "Static Type Checking Code", and "tests". The "src" folder contains 13 Haskell source files (.hs), and the "tests" folder contains 5 Haskell test files (.hs). There are also two other files: "Project.cabal" and "Notes.txt".

Name	Date Modified	Size	Kind
▶ dist	Apr 23, 2019 at 11:04 PM	--	Folder
▶ dist-newstyle	Apr 23, 2019 at 10:59 PM	--	Folder
▶ Misc	Apr 20, 2019 at 5:18 PM	--	Folder
▼ src	Today at 8:41 PM	--	Folder
Ast.hs	Today at 3:31 PM	10 KB	Haskell...rc
Check.hs	Today at 3:37 PM	6 KB	Haskell...rc
EnvUnsafeLog.hs	Apr 22, 2019 at 2:00 PM	3 KB	Haskell...rc
Eval.hs	Apr 23, 2019 at 11:33 PM	20 KB	Haskell...rc
Exec.hs	Apr 15, 2019 at 8:37 PM	322 bytes	Haskell...rc
HelpShow.hs	Apr 23, 2019 at 11:11 PM	1 KB	Haskell...rc
Main.hs	Apr 23, 2019 at 2:06 PM	40 bytes	Haskell...rc
Parser.hs	Today at 8:00 PM	24 KB	Haskell...rc
ParserMonad.hs	Apr 23, 2019 at 11:06 AM	7 KB	Haskell...rc
Repl.hs	Apr 21, 2019 at 10:51 PM	1 KB	Haskell...rc
TypeCheckingExample.hs	Apr 22, 2019 at 8:27 AM	2 KB	Haskell...rc
▶ Static Type Checking Code	Apr 21, 2019 at 9:35 PM	--	Folder
▼ tests	Today at 8:40 PM	--	Folder
CheckTest.hs	Today at 2:41 PM	289 bytes	Haskell...rc
EvalTest.hs	Today at 3:05 PM	289 bytes	Haskell...rc
ExampleTest.hs	Today at 7:45 PM	3 KB	Haskell...rc
Main.hs	Today at 7:48 PM	2 KB	Haskell...rc
ParserTest.hs	Today at 7:56 PM	838 bytes	Haskell...rc
Project.cabal	Today at 7:38 PM	819 bytes	Emacs...cu
Notes.txt	Apr 15, 2019 at 4:24 PM	361 bytes	Plain Text

# Testing: Example

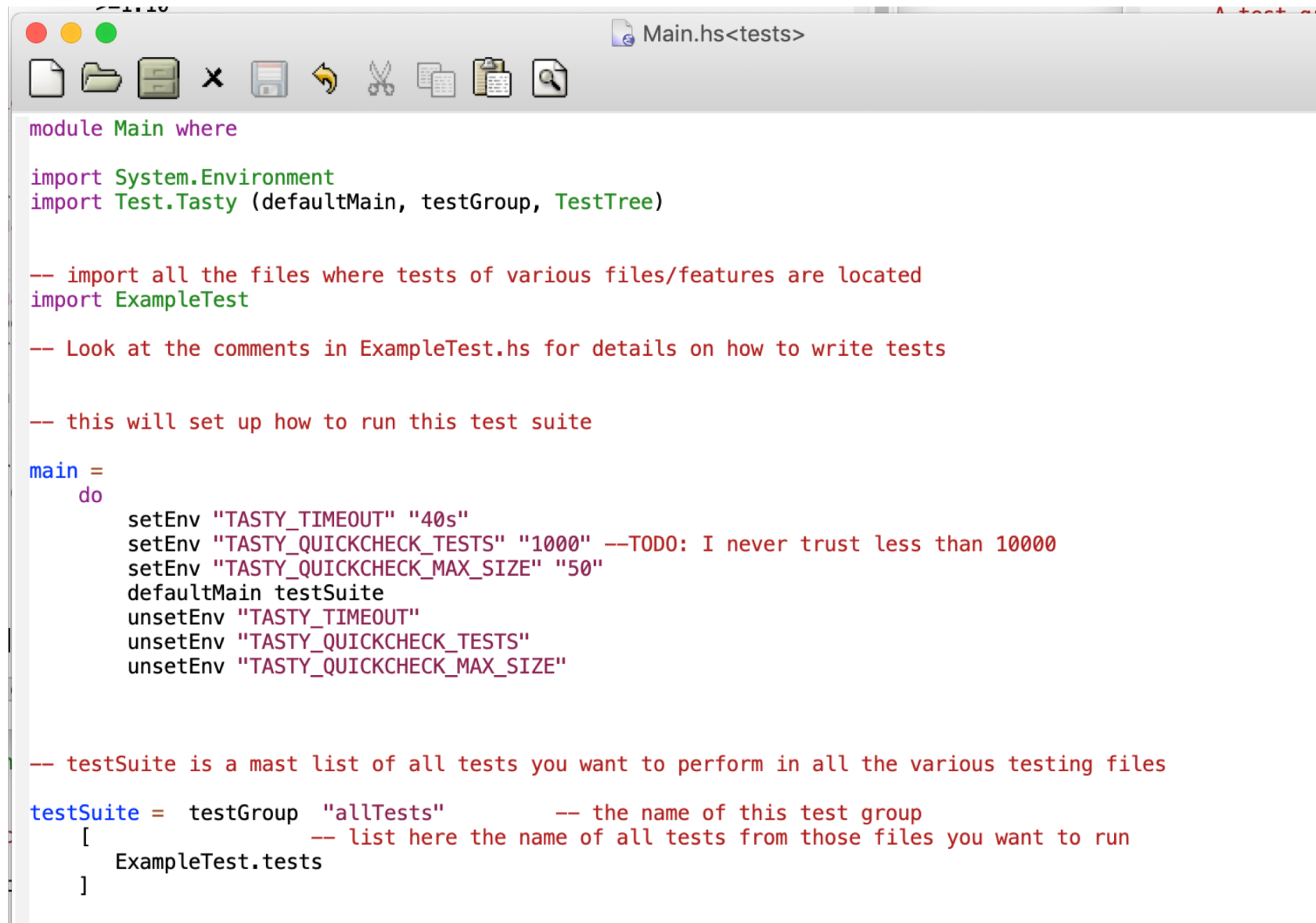


```
name: Project
version: 0.1.0.0
synopsis:
homepage:
author: Wayne Snyder
maintainer: waysnyder@gmail.com
category:
build-type: Simple
cabal-version: >=1.10

library
  exposed-modules: Ast, Eval, Check, Parser, EnvUnsafeLog
  other-modules: ParserMonad, HelpShow
  ghc-options: -fwarn-incomplete-patterns -fwarn-incomplete-uni-patterns
  build-depends: containers, base >= 4.7 && < 5
  hs-source-dirs: src
  default-language: Haskell2010

test-suite test
  default-language: Haskell2010
  type: exitcode-stdio-1.0
  hs-source-dirs: tests
  other-modules: ExampleTest
  main-is: Main.hs
  other-modules: ExampleTest
  build-depends:
    containers, base >= 4.7 && < 5
    , tasty >= 0.7, tasty-hunit
    , Project
```

# Testing: Example



```
module Main where

import System.Environment
import Test.Tasty (defaultMain, testGroup, TestTree)

-- import all the files where tests of various files/features are located
import ExampleTest

-- Look at the comments in ExampleTest.hs for details on how to write tests

-- this will set up how to run this test suite

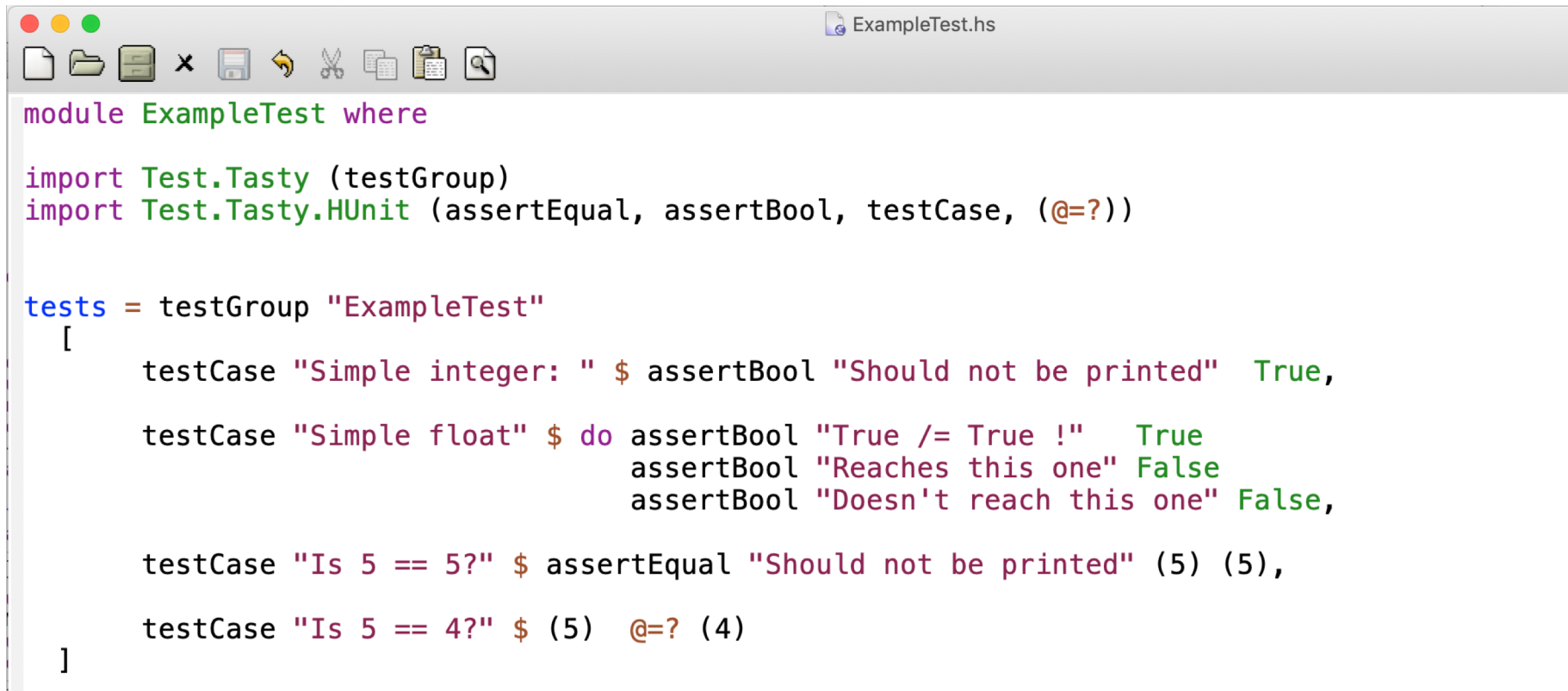
main =
  do
    setEnv "TASTY_TIMEOUT" "40s"
    setEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_TESTS" "1000" --TODO: I never trust less than 10000
    setEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_MAX_SIZE" "50"
    defaultMain testSuite
    unsetEnv "TASTY_TIMEOUT"
    unsetEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_TESTS"
    unsetEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_MAX_SIZE"

-- testSuite is a mast list of all tests you want to perform in all the various testing files

testSuite = testGroup "allTests" -- the name of this test group
  [ -- list here the name of all tests from those files you want to run
    ExampleTest.tests
  ]
```



# Testing: Example



```
module ExampleTest where

import Test.Tasty (testGroup)
import Test.Tasty.HUnit (assertEqual, assertBool, testCase, (@=?))

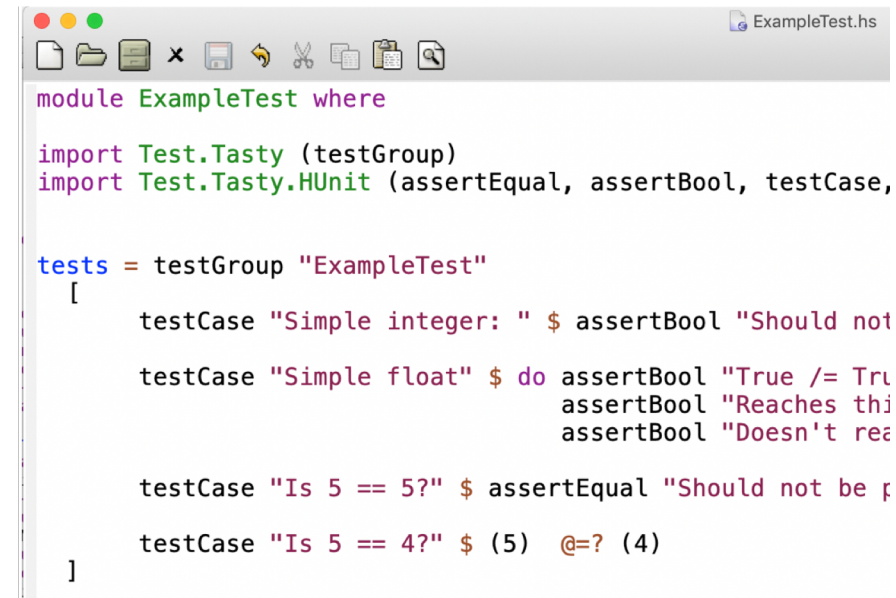
tests = testGroup "ExampleTest"
  [
    testCase "Simple integer: " $ assertBool "Should not be printed" True,
    testCase "Simple float" $ do assertBool "True /= True !" True
                                 assertBool "Reaches this one" False
                                 assertBool "Doesn't reach this one" False,
    testCase "Is 5 == 5?" $ assertEqual "Should not be printed" (5) (5),
    testCase "Is 5 == 4?" $ (5) @=? (4)
  ]
```

# Testing: Example

```
Project $ cabal new-test
Resolving dependencies...
Build profile: -w ghc-8.6.3 -O1
In order, the following will be built (use -v for more details):
 - Project-0.1.0.0 (lib) (configuration changed)
 - Project-0.1.0.0 (test:test) (configuration changed)
Configuring library for Project-0.1.0.0..
Preprocessing library for Project-0.1.0.0..
Building library for Project-0.1.0.0..
Configuring test suite 'test' for Project-0.1.0.0..
Preprocessing test suite 'test' for Project-0.1.0.0..
Building test suite 'test' for Project-0.1.0.0..
Running 1 test suites...
Test suite test: RUNNING...
allTests
```

```
ExampleTest
  Simple integer: : OK
  Simple float:    FAIL
    tests/ExampleTest.hs:81:
    Reaches this one
  Is 5 == 5?:      OK
  Is 5 == 4?:      FAIL
    tests/ExampleTest.hs:86:
    expected: 5
    but got: 4
```

```
2 out of 4 tests failed (0.00s)
Test suite test: FAIL
Test suite logged to: /Users/snyder/Dropbox (BOSTON
UNIVERSITY)/Documents/Teaching/CS320/Web/Homeworks and
Labs/Project/dist-newstyle/build/x86_64-osx/ghc-8.6.3/Project-
0.1.0.0/t/test/test/Project-0.1.0.0-test.log
0 of 1 test suites (0 of 1 test cases) passed.
cabal: Tests failed for test:test from Project-0.1.0.0.
```



```
module ExampleTest where

import Test.Tasty (testGroup)
import Test.Tasty.HUnit (assertEqual, assertBool, testCase,

tests = testGroup "ExampleTest"
  [
    testCase "Simple integer: " $ assertBool "Should not
    testCase "Simple float" $ do assertBool "True /= Tru
                                assertBool "Reaches thi
                                assertBool "Doesn't rea

    testCase "Is 5 == 5?" $ assertEqual "Should not be p
    testCase "Is 5 == 4?" $ (5) @=? (4)
  ]
```

# Testing: Quickcheck

**Quickcheck**, which is used by Tasty, is a way of automatically generating tests cases. We will use it to automatically generate Ast expressions to see if our parser and showPretty functions are indeed consistent:

```
For any ast a:    a == parse parser $ showPretty a 0
```

Here is a useful link:

<https://begriffs.com/posts/2017-01-14-design-use-quickcheck.html>

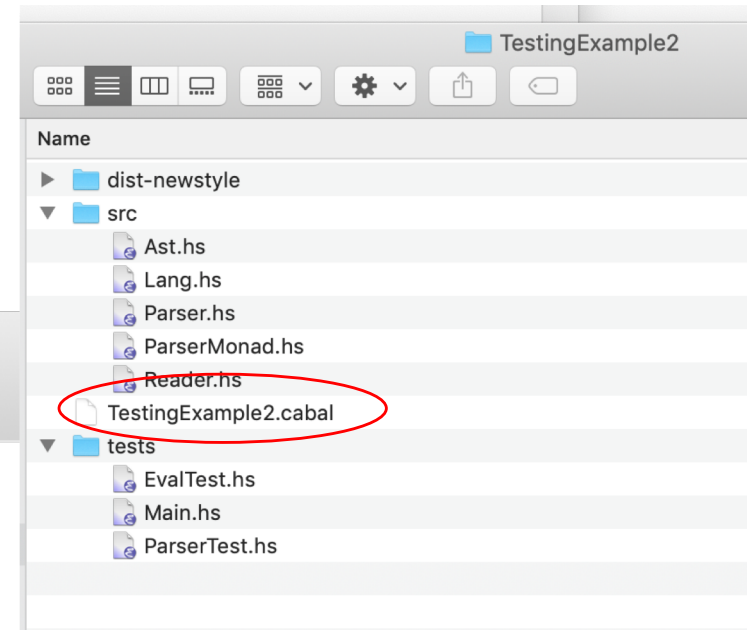
**Quickcheck** enables you to create random expressions in your ast by generating all possible expressions under a certain size limit.

# Testing: Quickcheck

```
TestingExample2.cabal
name:                TestingExample2
version:             0.1.0.0
synopsis:
homepage:
author:              Wayne Snyder
maintainer:          waysnyder@gmail.com
category:
build-type:          Simple
cabal-version:       >=1.10

library
  exposed-modules:   Ast,Lang,Parser,ParserMonad,Reader
  ghc-options:       -fwarn-incomplete-patterns -fwarn-incomplete-uni-patterns
  build-depends:     containers,base >= 4.7 && < 5
  hs-source-dirs:   src
  default-language: Haskell2010

test-suite test
  default-language: Haskell2010
  type:             exitcode-stdio-1.0
  hs-source-dirs:  tests
  main-is:          Main.hs
  other-modules:   ParserTest,EvalTest
  build-depends:
    containers, base >= 4.7 && < 5
    , tasty >= 0.7, tasty-hunit, tasty-quickcheck
    , TestingExample2
```



# Testing: Quickcheck

## Main.hs

```
module Main where

import System.Environment
import Test.Tasty (defaultMain, testGroup, TestTree)

-- import all the files where tests of various files/features are located
import ParserTest
import EvalTest
import Ast
import Lang
import Parser

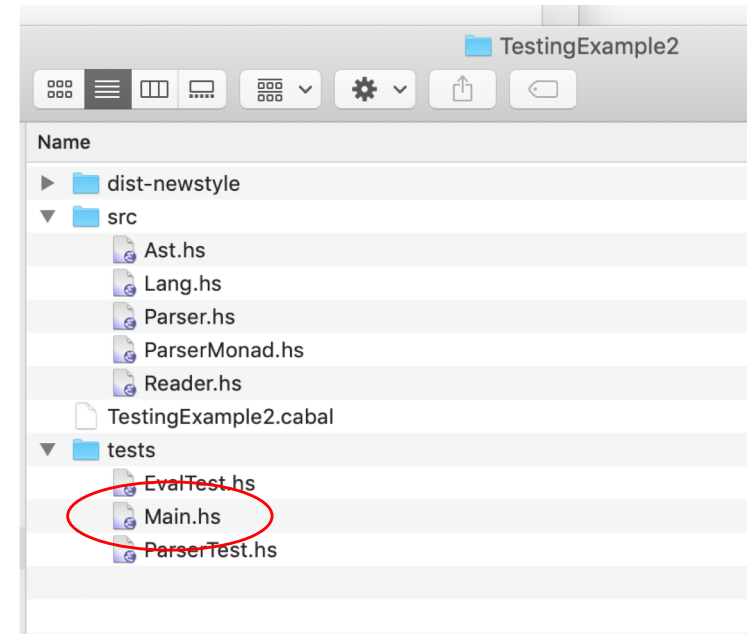
-- Look at the comments in ExampleTest.hs for details on how to write tests

-- this will set up how to run this test suite

main =
  do
    setEnv "TASTY_TIMEOUT" "40s"
    setEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_TESTS" "1000" --TODO: I never trust less than 10000
    setEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_MAX_SIZE" "50"
    defaultMain testSuite
    unsetEnv "TASTY_TIMEOUT"
    unsetEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_TESTS"
    unsetEnv "TASTY_QUICKCHECK_MAX_SIZE"

-- testSuite is a mast list of all tests you want to perform in all the various testing files

testSuite = testGroup "allTests" -- the name of this test group
  [ -- list here the name of all tests from those files you want to run
    parserTest,
    evalTest
  ]
```



# Testing: Quickcheck

## ParserTest.hs

```
module ParserTest where

import Test.Tasty (testGroup)
import Test.Tasty.HUnit (assertEqual, assertBool, testCase)
import Test.Tasty.QuickCheck

-- Import all the modules you need to do the test

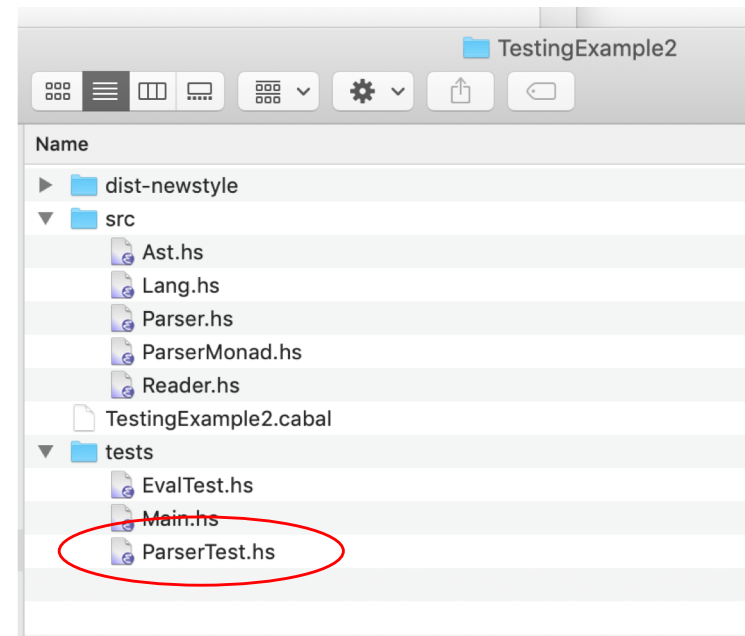
import ParserMonad (parse)
import Ast
import Parser (parser)

-- This will generate random instances of types

instance Arbitrary Ast where
  arbitrary = sized arbitrarySizedAst

-- recursively and randomly generate instances up to a given size limit

arbitrarySizedAst :: Int -> Gen Ast
arbitrarySizedAst m | m < 1 = do i <- arbitrary -- will choose a random Integer
  x <- elements ["x", "y", "z"] -- will choose random element from the list
  node <- elements [LiteralInt i, Var x] -- so put all the non-recursive Ast expressions here
  return $ node
arbitrarySizedAst m | otherwise = do l <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 2) -- get ast half as big
  r <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 2) -- ditto
  x <- elements ["x", "y", "z"] -- will choose random element from the list
  ifAst <- arbitrarySizedIf m
  node <- elements [Plus l r, -- list here all your binary Ast constructors
                   Sub l r,
                   Mult l r,
                   ifAst, -- will choose from if expressions
                   Let x l r -- this one takes a string and two asts
  ]
  return node
```



# Testing: Quickcheck

## ParserTest.hs

```
-- recursively and randomly generate instances up to a given size limit

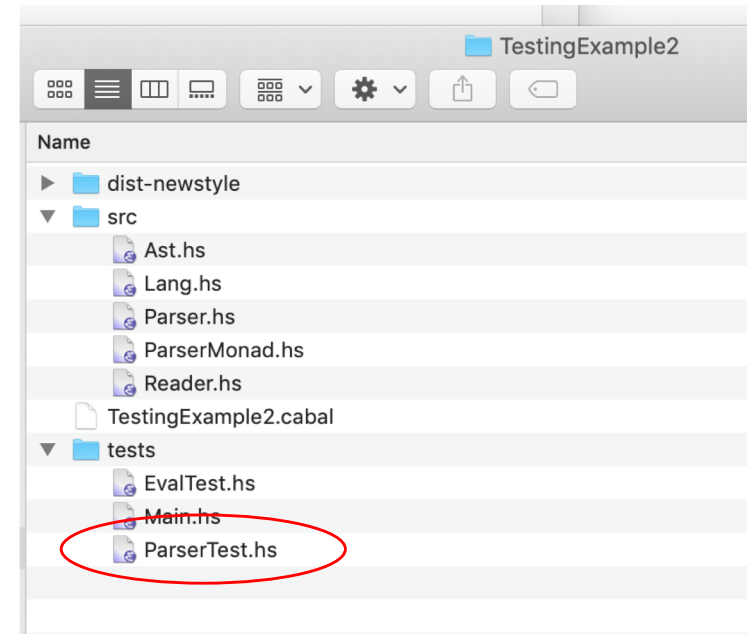
arbitrarySizedAst :: Int -> Gen Ast
arbitrarySizedAst m | m < 1 = do i  <- arbitrary -- will choose a random Integer
                                x  <- elements ["x", "y", "z"] -- will choose random element from the list
                                node <- elements [LiteralInt i, Var x] -- so put all the non-recursive Ast expressions here
                                return $ node
arbitrarySizedAst m | otherwise = do l <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 2) -- get ast half as big
                                     r <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 2) -- ditto
                                     x <- elements ["x", "y", "z"] -- will choose random element from the list
                                     ifAst <- arbitrarySizedIf m
                                     node <- elements [Plus l r, -- list here all your binary Ast constructors
                                                       Sub l r,
                                                       Mult l r,
                                                       ifAst, -- will choose from if expressions
                                                       Let x l r -- this one takes a string and two asts
                                                       ]
                                     return node

-- break in thirds for mix-fix operators which have three separate sub-asts

arbitrarySizedIf :: Int -> Gen Ast
arbitrarySizedIf m = do x <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 3)
                       y <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 3)
                       z <- arbitrarySizedAst (m `div` 3)
                       return $ If x y z

parserTest = testGroup
  "parser Test"
  [
    testProperty "parse should return the same AST when fully parenthesized" $
      ((\ x -> Just (x , "")) == (parse parser $ showFullyParen x)) :: Ast -> Bool,

    testProperty "parse should return the same AST when pretty printed" $
      ((\ x -> Just (x , "")) == (parse parser $ showPretty x 0)) :: Ast -> Bool
  ]
```



# Testing: Quickcheck

## EvalTest.hs

```
module EvalTest where

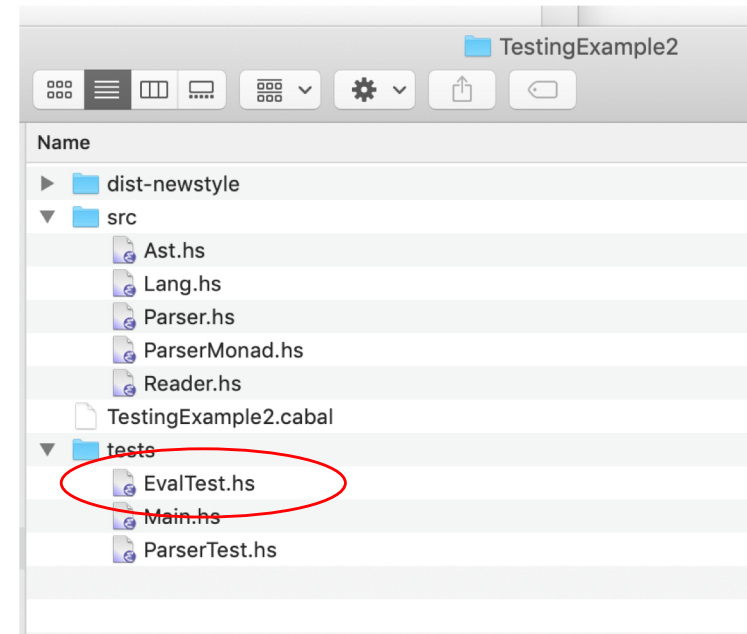
import Test.Tasty (testGroup)
import Test.Tasty.HUnit (assertEqual, assertBool, testCase)
import Test.Tasty.QuickCheck

-- Import all the modules you need to do the test

import Ast
import Parser
import Lang

zero = (LiteralInt 0)
one = (LiteralInt 1)
none = (LiteralInt (-1))
two = (LiteralInt 2)
ntwo = (LiteralInt (-2))
three = (LiteralInt 3)
nthree = (LiteralInt (-3))
four = (LiteralInt 4)
nfour = (LiteralInt (-4))

evalTest = testGroup
  "Eval Test"
  [
    testCase "Basic Arithmetic" $
      do
        assertEqual "2 + 4 =?" 6 (exec (Plus two four))
        assertEqual "2 + -1 =?" 1 (exec (Plus two none))
        assertEqual "2 - 4 =?" (-2) (exec (Sub two four))
        assertEqual "2 - (-4) =?" 6 (exec (Sub two nfour))
        assertEqual "3 * 2 =?" 6 (exec (Mult three two))
        assertEqual "2 * -2 =?" (-4) (exec (Mult two ntwo)),
```





# Testing: Quickcheck

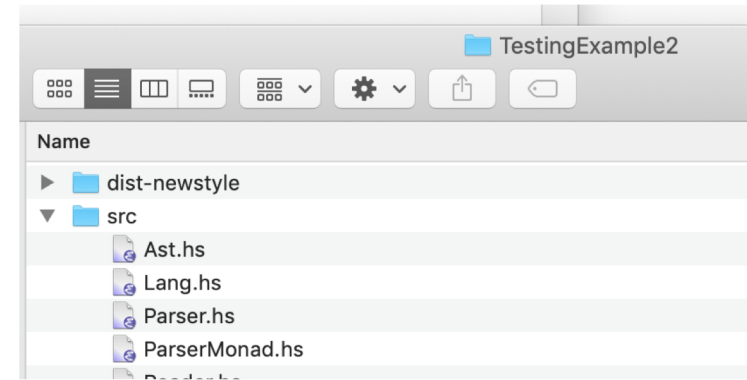
## EvalTest.hs

```
evalTest = testGroup
  "Eval Test"
  [
    testCase "Basic Arithmetic" $
      do
        assertEquals "2 + 4 =?" " 6 (exec (Plus two four))
        assertEquals "2 + -1 =?" " 1 (exec (Plus two none))
        assertEquals "2 - 4 =?" " (-2) (exec (Sub two four))
        assertEquals "2 - (-4) =?" " 6 (exec (Sub two nfour))
        assertEquals "3 * 2 =?" " 6 (exec (Mult three two))
        assertEquals "2 * -2 =?" " (-4) (exec (Mult two ntwo)),

    testCase "Compound Arithmetic" $
      do
        assertEquals "2 + 4 * 3 =?" " 14 (exec (Plus two (Mult four three)))
        assertEquals "(2 + -4) * 3 =?" " (-6) (exec (Mult (Plus two nfour) three))
        assertEquals "2 * 3 + 3 * 2 - 4 =?" " 8 (exec (Sub (Plus (Mult two three) (Mult three two)) four))
        assertEquals "2 * (3 + 3) * (2 - 4) =?" " (-24) (exec (Mult (Mult two (Plus three three)) (Sub two four))),

    testCase "If Statements" $
      do
        assertEquals "if 3 then 4 else 2 =?" " 4 (exec (If three four two))
        assertEquals "if 0 then 1 else 4" " 4 (exec (If zero one four))
        assertEquals "if 3 * 0 then 1 else 2 =?" " 2 (exec (If (Mult three zero) one two))
        assertEquals "if 3 * 2 then 1 else 2 =?" " 1 (exec (If (Mult three two) one two)),

    testCase "Let Statements" $
      do
        assertEquals "let x = 4 in x * 2 =?" " 8 (exec (Let "x" four (Mult (Var "x") two)))
        assertEquals "let x = 4 * -2 in x - 2 =?" " (-10) (exec (Let "x" (Mult four ntwo) (Sub (Var "x") two)))
        assertEquals "let x = 2 in let y = x + 1 in y * 2 =?" " 6 (exec (Let "x" two (Let "y" (Plus (Var "x") one) (Mult (Var "y") two))))]
```



# Testing: Quickcheck

```
TestingExample2 $ cabal new-test
Build profile: -w ghc-8.6.3 -01
In order, the following will be built (use -v for more details):
- TestingExample2-0.1.0.0 (test:test) (first run)
Preprocessing test suite 'test' for TestingExample2-0.1.0.0..
Building test suite 'test' for TestingExample2-0.1.0.0..
Running 1 test suites...
Test suite test: RUNNING...
allTests
  parser Test
    parse should return the same AST when fully parenthesized: OK (0.17s)
    +++ OK, passed 1000 tests.
    parse should return the same AST when pretty printed:      OK (0.15s)
    +++ OK, passed 1000 tests.
  Eval Test
    Basic Arithmetic:                                         OK
    Compound Arithmetic:                                       OK
    If Statements:                                             OK
    Let Statements:                                           OK

All 6 tests passed (0.32s)
Test suite test: PASS
Test suite logged to: /Users/snyder/Dropbox (BOSTON
UNIVERSITY)/Documents/Teaching/CS320/Web/Homeworks and
Labs/TestingExample2/dist-newstyle/build/x86_64-osx/ghc-8.6.3/TestingExample2-0.1.0.0/t/
.0.0-test.log
1 of 1 test suites_ (1 of 1 test cases) passed.
```