

## Motivation

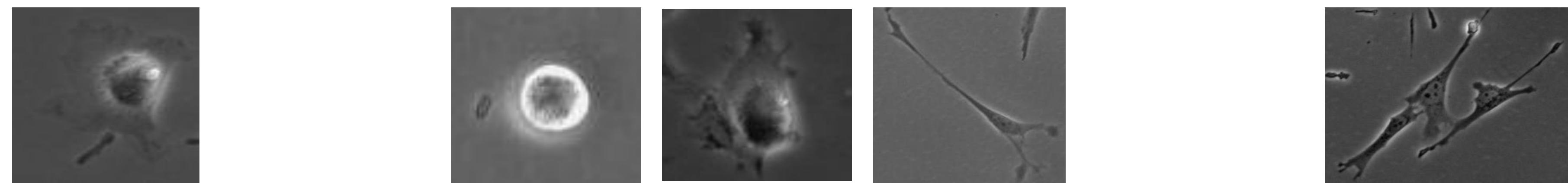
### Biology/Biomedical Engineering

- *Model* the relationship between fibroblast cell behavior, cell morphology, and substrate stiffness
- *Bioengineer* small blood vessels

### Computer Vision

- *Maintain shape recognition of cells* when they...

1. Have weak edges
2. Deform
3. Interact with other objects

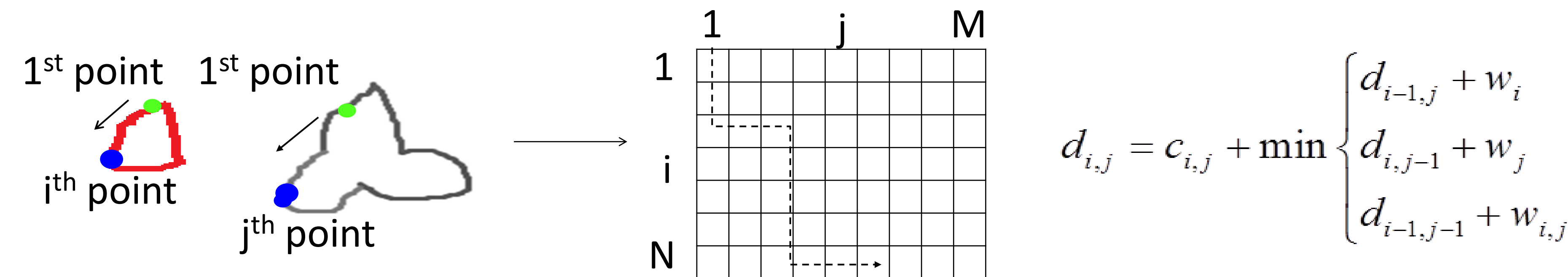


## Key Method: Many-to-One Partial Curve Matching

**Objective:** Match every pixel on target curve (merged cells) to a pixel on one of the candidate curves (individual cells).

### 1. Dynamic Time Warping: Similarity Measure for Deformations

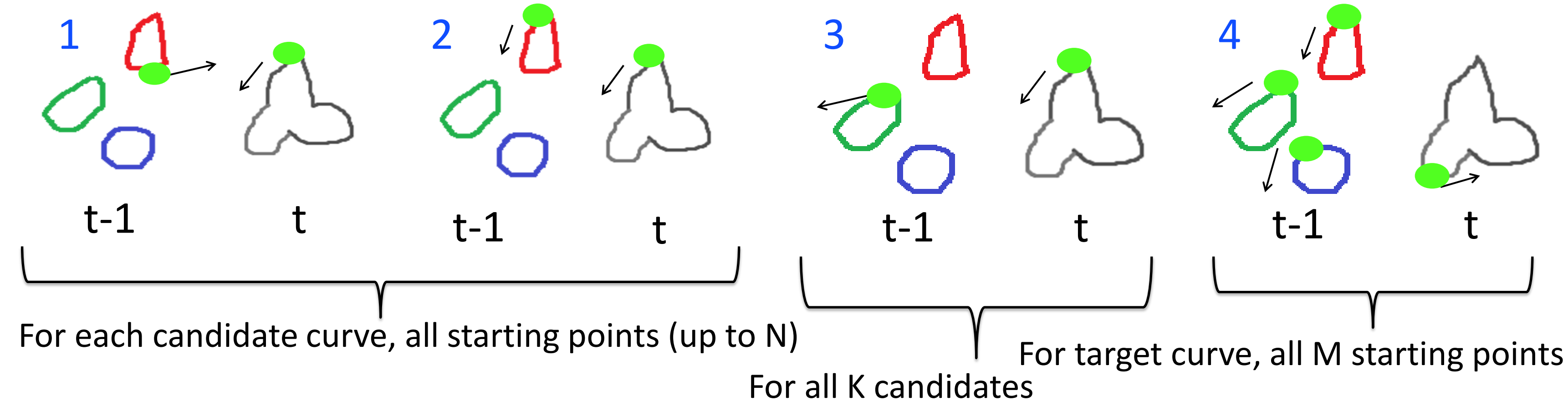
Compute similarity between segments on candidate and target curves; visualized as finding a shortest path in a DTW table.



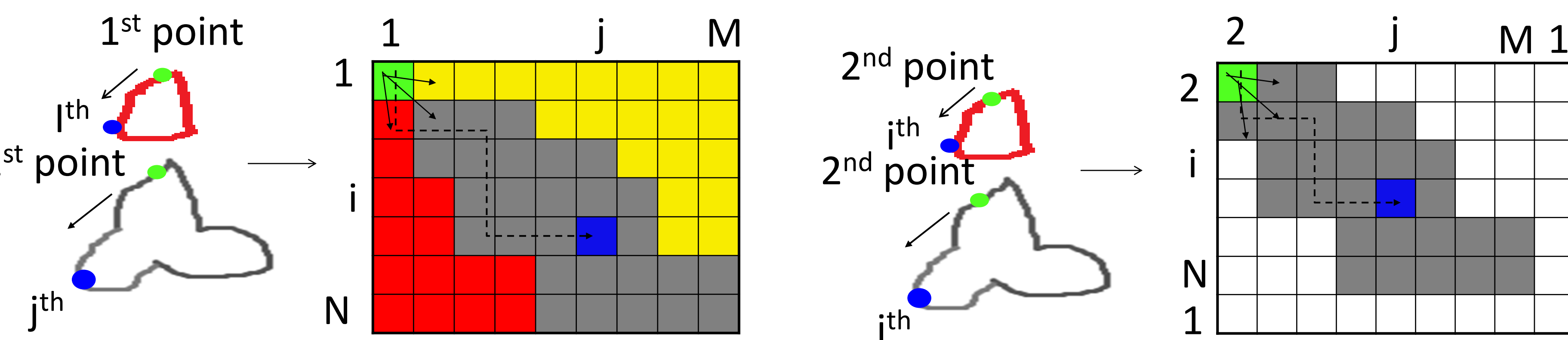
$d_{ij}$  = dissimilarity cost;  $c_{ij}$  = matching cost between pair of points;  $w_i, w_j, w_{ij}$  = penalty terms

### 2. Double Cyclic Dynamic Time Warping (DCDTW)

Compute similarity for all possible pairs of segments on both curves.



To reduce computation by at least 1/3, reuse DTW table content



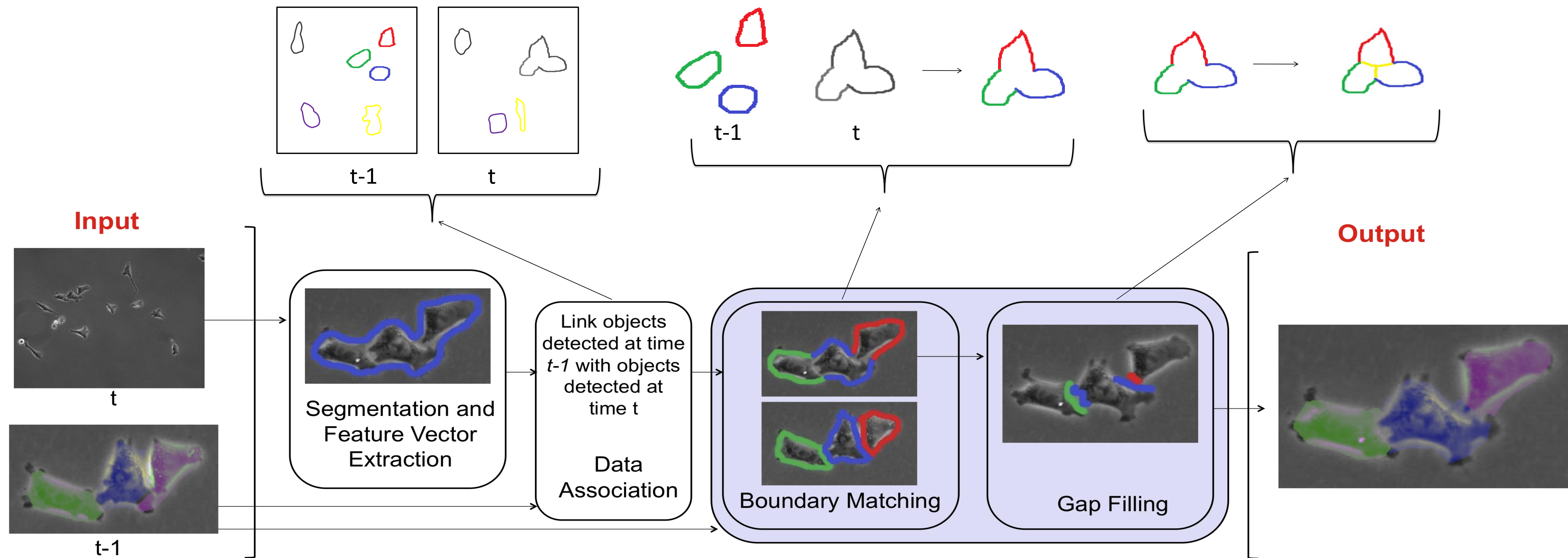
### 3. Hierarchical Partial Matching

Apply dynamic programming to optimally assemble fragments from candidates.



## System Overview

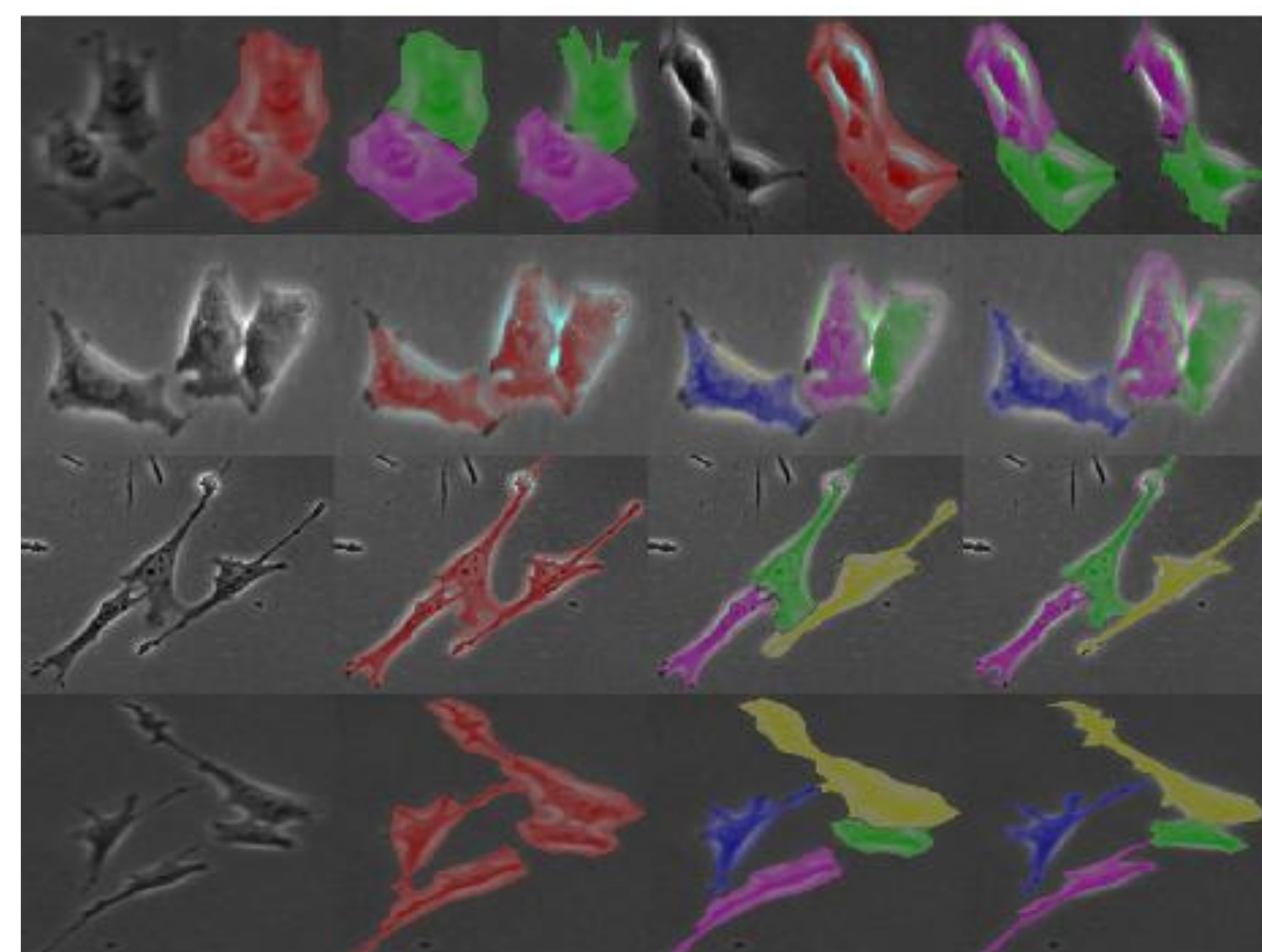
**Key Contribution:** A method to maintain shape recognition of cells and clutter as they undergo continuous deformation while touching each other for long durations.



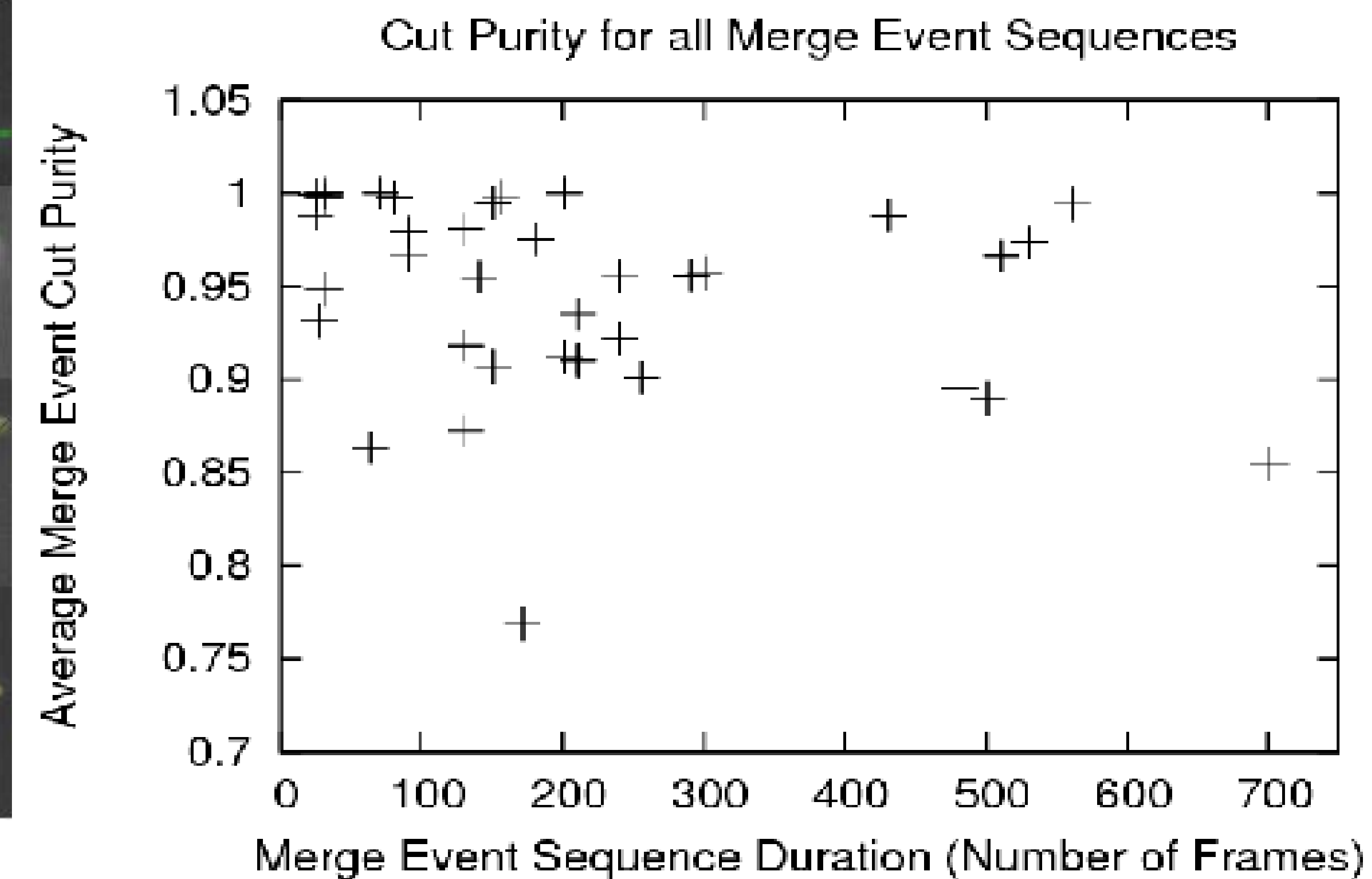
## Experiments & Results

**Datasets:** 30 image sequences; 1,030x1,300 resolution; shows fibroblast cell population every 30 seconds for 16-24 hrs.

**Merge Events Library:** 41 subsequences containing 8068 images showing 1) cell-to-cell interactions, 2) cell-to-clutter interactions, and 3) apparent collisions due to under-segmentation.



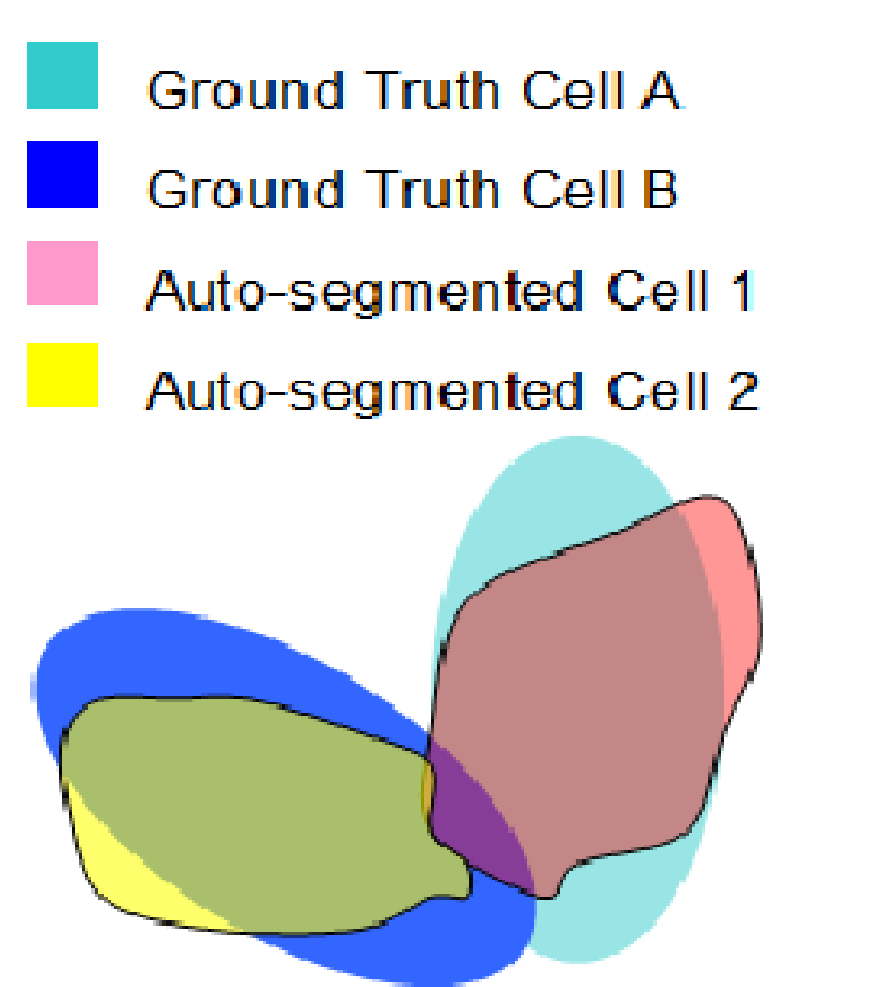
Original Image      Initial Segmentation      Final Output      Manual Segmentation



### Quantitative Measure

$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A|}$$

**Cut Purity = Avg Accuracy**



## Key Reference

R. Bise, K. Li, S. Eom, and T. Kanade. Reliably tracking partially overlapping neural stem cells in dic microscopy image sequences. In *MICCAI Workshop on OPTMHSE, 2009*.

## Acknowledgements

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